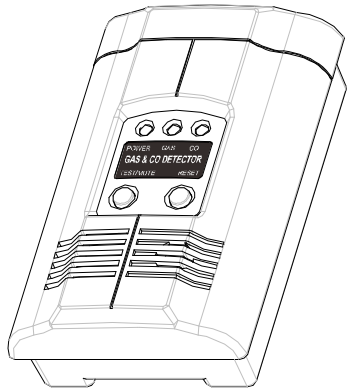


Combustible Gas & Carbon Monoxide Gas Detector

User's Guide

- Model:
1. AC Power
 2. DC Power with relay output
 3. AC Power with control output



ATTENTION: Please take a few minutes to thoroughly read this manual, which should be saved for future reference and passed on to any subsequent owner.

IMPORTANT! READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE INSTALLATION AND KEEP THIS MANUAL NEAR THE DETECTOR FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

1. DESCRIPTION

The gas detector is designed for single station use or for connecting to fire alarm or security alarm panel. Small and compact, the design and color makes it ideal for use in the home, small commercial properties, and recreational vehicles. It is intended to detect leakage of natural gas (methane gas), town gas, and bottled gas (propane gas), coal gas or carbon monoxide. The unit is designed for wire-in or plug-in applications. The gas detector can be mounted high (for methane gas) or low (for propane (LPG) gas). It is equipped with a sturdy metal mounting bracket for quick, easy, and secure installation.

2. FEATURES

- Detect all sorts of combustible gases, natural gas (methane), bottled gas (propane), LPG (Liquefied petroleum Gas), LNG (Liquefied natural gas), coal gas, including town gas or carbon monoxide.
- High quality durable catalytic combustion method gas sensor and electrochemistry sensor for CO gas detection.
- Easy to install.
- Loud 85dB alarm and LED warning light.
- Self diagnostic function by MCU intelligent software.
- Excellent reliability & High stability.
- Ideal for all house and kitchens.

3. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Unit Dimensions: 122mm (H) x 76 mm (W) x 38mm (D)
Color: Ceiling White

Operating Temperature: -10°C to +50°C

Ambient Humidity: ≤95% RH

Alarm Horn: 80dB

Operating Voltage: AC220V/50HZ, or DC12-28V

Power Consumption: <1.5W (Standby), <3W (Alarm)

Value of Detection Threshold (Lower Explosive Limit):

LNG Gas: 5000ppm (10%LEL)

CO Gas: >150ppm (Alarm in 1 to 3 minutes)

Sensor lifetime: > 3 years

Alarm: Red LED with 80dB alarm

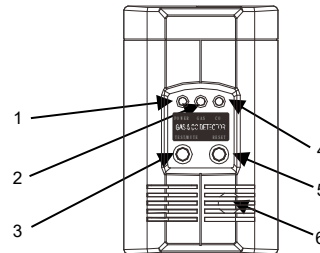
Warm Up Time: approximately 60 Seconds

Alarm Output: Relay Output (2A@DC24V, 1A@220VAC)

Voltage Output (DC12V pulse or steady)

(Only for Control Module)

4. THE COVER AND OF YOUR ALARM



1. POWER Light (Green)
2. Gas Light (Red)
3. Test/Mute Button
4. CO Light (Red)
5. Reset Button
6. (Behind the Cover) Alarm Horn: 80dB audible alarm for test, alarm, and unit malfunction warning.

5. INSTALLATION OF DETECTOR

The gas detector can be mounted on the wall. First find the suitable place to fix the bracket on the wall, and then plug the detector into the bracket. Please see figure 1.

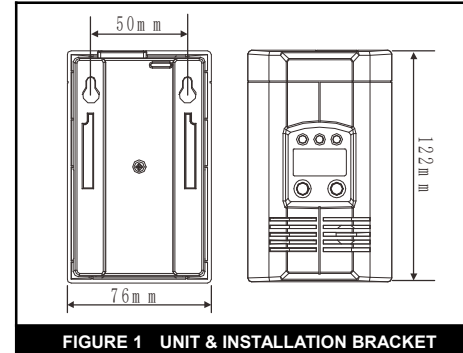


FIGURE 1 UNIT & INSTALLATION BRACKET

6. TERMINAL WIRING OF DETECTOR

1. The AC power supply module has a wire with plug. Not need to using terminal wires for power supply. Please see figure 2.

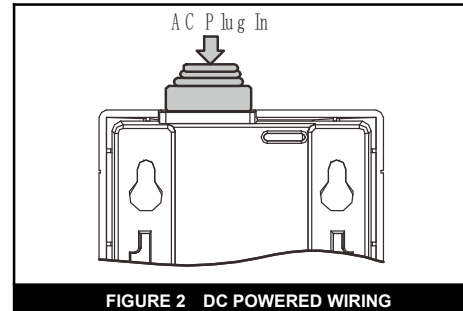


FIGURE 2 DC POWERED WIRING

2. The DC power supply module use terminal T1 (Red) and terminal T2 (Black) as power input. Relay output module has NO/NC/COM output Please see figure 3

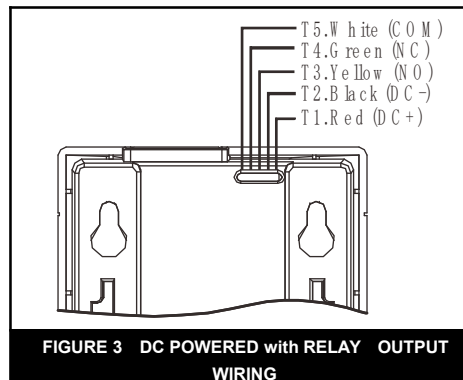
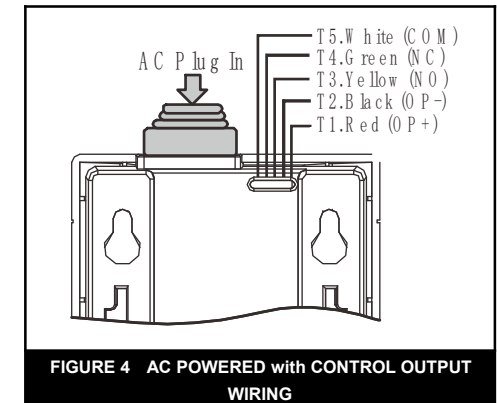


FIGURE 3 DC POWERED with RELAY OUTPUT WIRING

DC powered Gas detector Terminals Wires Description (DC Power Relay Output Module)

- T1: Red Color: DC+, DC power Positive Input
T2: Black Color: DC-, DC power Negative Input
T3: Yellow Color: NO, Relay Normal Open Contact
T4: Green Color: NC, Relay Normal Close Contact
T5: White Color: COM, Relay Common Contact

3. AC Power with control output module has continuous or pulse voltage output by terminal T1 (OP+) and T2 (OP-), the default setting is pulse voltage output. The voltage output setting can be selected by jump JP1. DCF option (Default setting) is pulse voltage output, JXS is continuous voltage output. Voltage output module relay output is capable for load of 1A@220AC, if the current is exceed the limitation, one intermediate relay should be used. Please see figure 4.



AC powered Gas detector Terminals Wires Description (Control Output Module)

- T1: Red Color: OP+, Voltage Positive Output
T2: Black Color: OP-, Voltage Negative Output
T3: Yellow Color: NO, Relay Normal Open Contact
T4: Green Color: NC, Relay Normal Close Contact
T5: White Color: COM, Relay Common Contact

JP1 (Jump on PCB board) Option Setting:

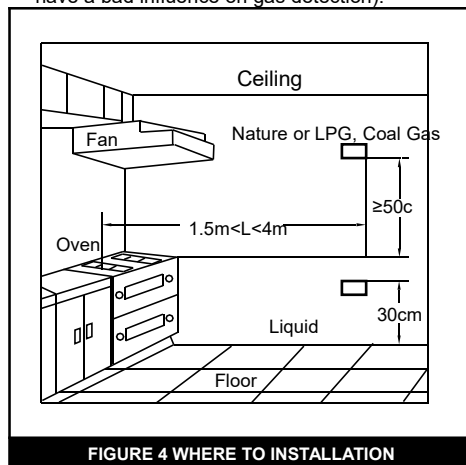
JP1: DCF----Pulse Voltage Output

JXS-----Continuous Voltage Output

7. INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

The Gas detector is intended to detect leakage of natural gas, town gas and bottled gas or carbon monoxide. It is intended for installation in the home, small commercial properties, and recreational vehicles (see Figure 4).

- Installation shall only be undertaken by technicians holding a certificate issued by an authorized distributor.
- For detecting natural gas (lighter than air), the detector should be installed within 30 centimeters below the ceiling and 50cm above the oven and the maximum distance away from the furnace or gas appliances is 4 meters.
- For detecting LPG (heavier than air), the alarm should be installed within 30 centimeters above the floor and the maximum distance away from the furnace or gas appliances is 4 meters.
- The detector should not be located close to any obstacles preventing natural air circulation. It should also not be located in a draft or close to a cooker (cooking smells and other fumes can have a bad influence on gas detection).



If your bedroom hallway is longer than 40 feet, install a CO Alarm at BOTH ends of the hallway.

In a Single-level Home:

- Install at least one CO Alarm near or within each separate sleeping area.
- For added protection, install an additional CO Alarm at least 20 feet (6 meters) away from the furnace or fuel burning heat source.

In a Multi-level Home:

- Install at least one CO Alarm near or within each separate sleeping area.
- For added protection, install at least one CO Alarm on each level of the home. If you have a basement, install that CO Alarm at the top of the basement stairs.
- For added protection, install an additional CO Alarm at

least 20 feet (6 meters) away from the furnace or fuel burning heat source.

! WARNING!

This unit does not work without power. Choose an outlet where it can't be accidentally unplugged or switched off by children. Keep small children away from the unit. Teach them not to play with it or unplug it. Explain what the alarms mean.

WHERE CO ALARMS SHOULD NOT BE INSTALLED DO NOT LOCATE THIS CO ALARM:

- In garages, kitchens, furnace rooms, or in any extremely dusty, dirty or greasy areas.
- Closer than 20 feet from a furnace or other fuel burning heat source, or fuel burning appliances like a water heater.
- Within 5 feet of any cooking appliance.
- In extremely humid areas. This alarm should be at least 10 feet from a bath or shower, sauna, humidifier, vaporizer, dishwasher, laundry room, utility room or other source of high humidity.
- In areas where temperature is colder than 40°F (4°C) or hotter than 100°F (38°C). These areas include unconditioned crawl spaces, unfinished attics, uninsulated or poorly insulated ceilings, porches, and garages.
- In turbulent air, like near ceiling fans, heat vents, air conditioners, fresh air returns, or open windows. Blowing air may prevent CO from reaching the sensors.
- In direct sunlight.
- In outlets covered by curtains or other obstruction.

! WARNING!

This CO Alarm is designed for use inside a single-family home or apartment. It is not meant to be used in common lobbies, hallways, or basements of multi-family buildings unless working CO Alarms are also installed in each family living unit. CO Alarms in common areas may not be heard from inside individual family living units.

! WARNING!

This CO Alarm alone is not a suitable substitute for complete detection systems in places which house many people, like hotels or dormitories, unless a CO Alarm is also placed in each unit.

! WARNING!

DO NOT use this CO Alarm in warehouses, industrial or commercial buildings, special-purpose non-residential buildings, RVs, boats, or airplanes. This CO Alarm is specifically designed for residential use, and may not provide adequate protection in non-residential applications.

8. OPERATION AND TESTING

Check and test the gas detector after installation. It should be tested weekly and check after re-occupation following a holiday.

- Power Up: After turn on the power, the Green

Power LED flashed, buzzer beep once. The unit would take approximately 60 Seconds to warm up. After warm up, the Green LED stop flash and the buzzer beep twice. In the warm up time, the unit doesn't response to any operation until end of the warm up period. It's forbidden to test detector during the warm up period.

- Normal: When the unit is in normal status, the Green Power LED is on, and Red LED is off, Power LED flashes every 3 seconds.
- Fault: When the sensor is in the fault status, the sensor Red LED flash every 5 seconds, the buzzer beep once with the LED flash. The unit will restore to normal status after the fault has been corrected.
- Alarm: While detecting the gas leaking reach the alarm level, the sensor Red Alarm LED would turn on and the buzzer sound urgently(for gas sensor alarm, beep 0.5S ON/0.5S OFF, for the CO gas sensor alarm, beep 4 times and then stop 5 seconds, and so on). while the unit's will output relay contacts output(relay output module), or output signal for electric valve or electric hand. (See Figure3,4).
- Test: In the normal status, Press the test button and the unit should sound and the all LED light, no signals output. To ensure the gas detector is working, you should test it weekly.
- Silence: In the alarm status, press Test button, the unit enter the silence status, the sound silenced and the red LED flashes quickly, about 10 minutes late, the unit exit the silence status. Press test button again to exit the silence status.
- Reset: In the alarm status, press the Test button down and hold above 5 seconds, the unit would restore to normal status

9. TESTING AND MAINTENANCE WEEKLY TESTING

Push and hold the Test button on the cover until a loud alarm sounds. The alarm sequence should last for 5-6 seconds. If the Detector ever fails to test properly, replace it immediately.

REGULAR MAINTENANCE

To keep the Detector in good working order:

- Test it every week using the Test button.
- Vacuum the detector cover at least twice a year, using the soft brush. Test the detector again after vacuuming.

10. GAS SAFETY GUIDE

- If you hear the gas alarm sound or suspect that there is a gas leakage. You should open all windows and doors to allow the gas to disperse.
- Don't switch on lighting, press door bell, exhausting fan or any kind of electrical appliance to avoid explosion. Check all the gas appliances. Extinguish any naked flames and turn off the gas control off the gas supply.
- Call the Fire department immediately outside your home or premises/ apartment.
- If you are on holiday, turn off appliances

switches & the gas control valve.

- Do not place the bed near gas pipes or gas meter.
- Do not change the location of gas pipes by yourself.
- In order to ensure your home safety, please employ registered installers for regular safety inspection of all gas installation & appliances.

ATTENTION:

Keep these things, such as paints, chemicals, alcohol away to make a false alarm.

11. Understand the Effects of Carbon Monoxide Exposure:

Low Levels:

Generally 50 ppm and below.

Mid Levels:

Generally 50 ppm to 100 ppm.

High Levels:

Generally 100 ppm and above if no one is experiencing symptoms.

Dangerous Levels:

Generally 100 ppm and above if someone is experiencing symptoms.

Concentration of CO in Air (ppm=parts per million)	Approximate Inhalation Time and Symptoms Developed
50 ppm	The maximum allowable concentration for continuous exposure for healthy adults in any 8-hour period, according to OSHA*.
200 ppm	Slight headache, fatigue, dizziness, nausea after 2-3 hours.
400 ppm	Frontal headaches within 1-2 hours, life threatening after 3 hours.
800 ppm	Dizziness, nausea and convulsions within 45 minutes. Unconsciousness within 2 hours. Death within 2-3 hours.
1,600 ppm	Headache, dizziness and nausea within 20 minutes. Death within 1 hour.
3,200 ppm	Headache, dizziness and nausea within 5-10 minutes. Death within 25-30 minutes.
6,400 ppm	Headache, dizziness and nausea within 1-2 minutes. Death within 10-15 minutes.
12,800 ppm	Death within 1-3 minutes.
	* Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Reminder: This chart relates to the exposure of healthy adults. Read the info above for descriptions of those who are at higher risk.